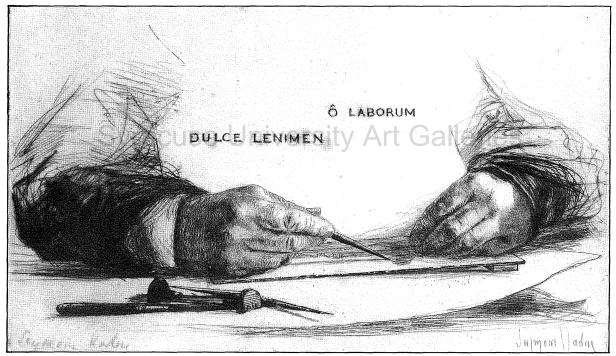
Sir Francis Seymour Haden, M.D. PRINTS FROM THE SYRACUSE UNIVERSITY ART COLLECTIONS



21. Hands Etching—O Laborum, 1865

COVER ILLUSTRATION (Illustration numbers correspond to checklist numbers.)

21. Hands Etching - O Laborum, 1865

22

THE EXHIBITION AND CATALOG ARE MADE POSSIBLE IN PART WITH PUBLIC FUNDS FROM THE NEW YORK STATE COUNCIL ON THE ARTS.

Sir Francis Seymour Haden, M.D.

cuse University Art Galleries

PRINTS FROM THE SYRACUSE UNIVERSITY ART COLLECTIONS

APRIL 18-AUGUST 6, 1982

JOE AND EMILY LOWE ART GALLERY SCHOOL OF ART, COLLEGE OF VISUAL AND PERFORMING ARTS SYRACUSE UNIVERSITY



12. Portrait of Francis Seymour Haden (No. 2), 1862

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Joe and Emily Lowe Art Gallery is pleased to present the exhibition "Sir Francis Seymour Haden, M.D.: Prints from the Syracuse University Art Collections."

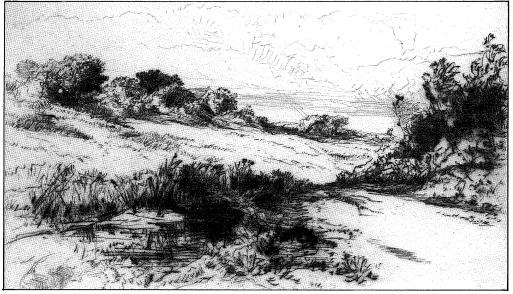
I would like to express my sincere appreciation to Dr. Mary Warner Marien, Guest Curator, for organizing the exhibition and writing the illuminating essay for the catalog.

My gratitude is also extended to Professor Ruth Ann Appelhof, Curator; Leonard Eichler, Preparator; Paula Bernath, Office Coordinator; Patricia Tagg, graduate museology student and Catalog Editor; Randall Bond, Fine Arts Bibliographer; and the Syracuse University graduate museology students for their participation in the development of the exhibition and catalog.

I would like to offer a special thank you to Dr. Alfred T. Collette, Director of the Syracuse University Art Collections and Domenic Iacono, Curator of the Art Collections for their continued assistance with our exhibition program.

Finally, I would like to thank Dr. August Freundlich, Dean of the College of Visual and Performing Arts, and Rodger Mack, Director of the School of Art, for their continued support.

Joseph A. Scala Director Joe and Emily Lowe Art Gallery



24. Windmill Hill (No. 1), 1877

Syracuse University Art Galleries

Sir Francis Seymour Haden, M.D.

We associate the origin of too many modernisms with France. Late nineteenthcentury artists working in England, as well as Germany and Holland, also evince a new infatuation with purely formal problems and with personal expression freed from Romantic iconography. Invention is as much a Victorian notion as is hard work.

Still it is surprising that the art of Sir Francis Seymour Haden contains so much avant-garde experimentation with form and moments of poignant self-revelation. The range of Haden's work is unexpected. Amateurs are not supposed to be forerunners.

If we were to make an account of him in twentieth-century terms, Seymour Haden would be listed as a physician, diagnostician, and surgeon. Secondarily we might call him an artist and a pamphleteer. (He crusaded for natural interment and invented the *papier maché* coffin.) But contemporary catagories assume a narrow professionalism belied by many Victorian lives. Trollope was a post-office clerk by day, and a novelist when he could be. He claimed to have written his early novels at the rate of 1,000 words per hour—all before breakfast! Dickens worked full-time as an editor of a newspaper. Like them, Haden possessed Herculean energy. He may have been an amateur, but he was not a dilettante.

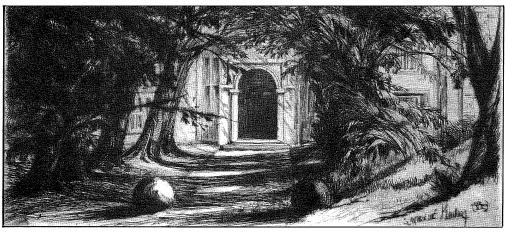
1818-1910

Haden acquired the skill and reputation of a professional artist, an accomplishment unusual for a person whose work was confined to etching, save for a few youthful watercolors and some late-in-life mezzotints. His etchings sold to the public for top prices. He not only kept a full-size press at home, he hired well-known printers to pull his etchings. Among his compatriots, Haden was known for an exhibition of Rembrandt etchings as well as for his journal articles on the artist and on the art of etching. Throughout his life he kept up his contacts with the French art world and enjoyed greater popularity there than in England. He received his knighthood for his contributions to art, not medicine.

Haden's oft-quoted remarks about art sometimes mystify his own practice. He recommended that medical and surgical students learn to draw, thereby training the eye in observation and the hand in steadiness. Yet his etchings betray no special talent for close rendering, and his attempts at figures are often disappointing. Haden's strength is the economy and suggestiveness of line, a characteristic he called "the art of omission." In works like *Windmill Hill* (No. 1) (no. 24), daringly large sections of the plate are void, and forms, like the wind-blown clouds, are given in rapid, desultory strokes.

We would know more of Haden if it were not for his quixotic brother-in-law, James McNeill Whistler. The two had a falling out in 1867, when Whistler sought social acceptance in the Haden household for his doeeyed "popsy," Jo Heffernan. Push came literally to shove, and each accused the other of physical violence. Posthumously, at least, Whistler has overshadowed the doctor. Haden is a footnote in art history; Whistler, to continue the analogy, is a chapter.

We shall probably never know the truth of the Haden-Whistler encounter, nor the interplay of ideas, techniques, and influences shared by these disputatious men. This is



2. Mytton Hall, 1859

unfortunate, because both artists helped to create an Etching Revival in England. But there is sufficient visual evidence to suggest that the root vision and goal of each artist was essentially different.

For all of his dandyism, bohemianism, and French affectation, Whistler's art is sweet. Haden, like Dickens and Landseer, has a dark, other side. His English sense of place—most of his etchings are landscapes—is often cheerless, sometimes chilling. *Mytton Hall* (no. 2) appears like an unwelcome apparition behind an avenue of unaccountably agitated trees. Some fancy an Edvard Munch-like face in the inky recesses of the entrance hall. *Kensington Gardens* (no. 1) provides no cool respite. The space is claustrophobic and oppressive.

Windmill Hill (No. 1) (no. 24), typical of Haden's English views, has the tonal range of a Constable, but not its rich humanism. The lone figure on the horizon reminds us that figures are rare in Haden's work. Their absence increases an already melancholy outlook. Also rare are city views. When they occur, the scene is usually a park or a river bank—a bit of nature within the city's confines. Battersea Reach (no. 15), an etching drawn "out of Whistler's window," as Haden recorded in the upper left of the plate, engulfs the foreground workmen in shadow. The artist's interest, like that of his host, was with the properties of light and the dynamics of weather.

The argument Whistler and Haden ought to have had was about light and atmosphere. For Whistler, an artist's genius lay in manipulating light, or more particularly its absence, to create self-sufficient, lyrical images: art for art's sake. Haden used light and dark for their primordial significance. His startling self-portrait (no. 12), enlists Romantic techniques kept alive by the Pre-Raphaelites. Half the face is plunged in darkness, like that of an ill-fated maiden born of Rossetti's laudanum visions. This is not "the art of omission," but a portrayal of that all too familiar Victorian bugbear, selfdoubt. Whether or not one finds the image melodramatic, one must admit that it engenders a psychological realism anathema to Whistler's aesthetic.

Sometimes, in his attempt to capture the broadest range of tones, Haden relied too heavily on the smudge of the dry point burr. Occasionally he over-inked the plate. Ironically, his amateur status is partially derived from these failed experiments. But when the tones are controlled, as they are in *Windmill*

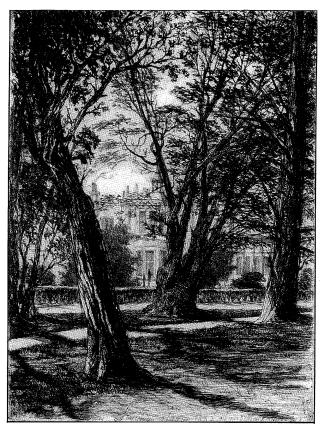
-Syracuse University Art Galleries -

Hill (No. 1) (no. 24), the effect is enviable. Light scorches the hilltop pasture but does not relieve the pool of stagnant water. The subject, a fetid ridge-top swale, is remarkable in itself. In this etching, dark and light become visual equivalents for a state of soul.

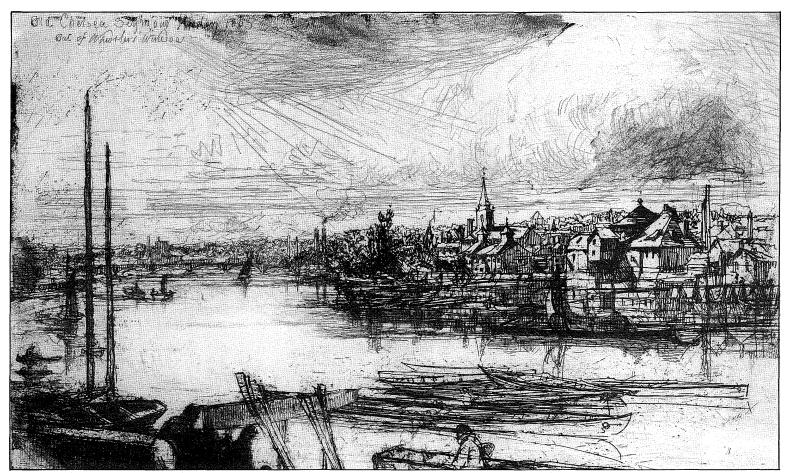
It is time to reassess the work of Seymour Haden, not as Whistler's brother-in-law, nor as an upholder of stolid Victorian values in art, but in the language of his best works. That language, one suspects, includes the vocabulary of the psychiatrist's consulting room.

Not all of Seymour Haden's etchings have a private, ulterior dimension. Some merely record a journey; others test the dimensions of dry point, or capture an incidental family scene. But there are enough etchings in which gloom and cold light lead us to a most modern sense of anomie, anxiety, and dread.

Mary Warner Marien



1. Kensington Gardens (the small plate), 1859



15. Battersea Reach, 1863

- Syracuse University Art Galleries

Checklist of Exhibition

All prints in this exhibition are from the Syracuse University Art Collections. Checklist entries are arranged in the order of H. Nazeby Harrington (indicated H) in his *Engraved Work of Sir Francis Seymour Haden, P.R.E.* Dimensions are given in millimeters; height precedes width.

1. Kensington Gardens (the small plate), 1859 Etching and drypoint 160 x 118, laid Japanese paper H. 12, State II/II Signed, in pencil, LR Ex Collections: Cloud Wampler, Knoedler Gallery SU 63.593

2. Mytton Hall, 1859

Drypoint 122 x 264, laid paper H. 14, State I/I Ex Collection: C. Wampler SU 63.613

3. Egham, 1859

Etching 124 x 200, wove paper H. 15, State III/III Signed, in pencil, LR Ex Collection: C. Wampler SU 63.614

4. Egham Lock, 1859 Etching

149 x 225, laid paper H. 16, three published states—trial proof C Signed, in drypoint, LL Ex Collection: C. Wampler SU 63.608

5. Out of Study Window, 1859 Etching 106 x 257, laid paper H. 18, State I/I

Ex Collections: C. Wampler, Sir W. R. Drake SU 63.598

6. A Water Meadow, 1859

Etching 150 x 225, wove paper H. 21, State I/II Signed, in pencil, LR Ex Collection: C. Wampler SU 63.615

7. A By-Road in Tipperary, 1860 Etching and drypoint 188 x 286, laid Japanese paper H. 30, State II/II Signed, in pencil, LR Ex Collection: C. Wampler SU 63.609

8. Combe Bottom, 1860 Etching and drypoint 114 x 152, laid Japanese paper H. 32, three published states, trial proof C Signed, in pencil, LR Ex Collection: C. Wampler SU 63.589

9. The Holly Field, 1860

Etching 52 x 136, laid paper H. 33, State I/II Ex Collection: C. Wampler SU 63.610

10. Shere Mill Pond (a small study), 1860

Etching 114 x 168, laid paper H. 37, State I/I Signed, in pencil, LR Ex Collection: C. Wampler SU 63.591

11. Shere Mill Pond (the larger plate), 1860 Etching 175 x 332, laid paper. H. 38, State II/II Ex Collection: C. Wampler SU 63.594

12. Portrait of Francis Seymour Haden (No. 2), 1862

Etching and drypoint 195 x 268, laid paper H. 41, one published state, trial proof B Ex Collections: C. Wampler; Max Blach, Wien SU 63.611

13. Amstelodamum, 1863 Etching, two colors 101 x 120, Chine collé on laid paper H. 43, State II/II Signed, in pencil, LR Ex Collection: C. Wampler SU 63.604

CHECKLIST continued

14. Dundrum River, 1863

Etching 150 x 140, Chine collé on wove paper H. 49, State II/II Ex Collection: C. Wampler SU 63.607

15. Battersea Reach, 1863

Etching 150 x 234, laid paper H. 52, State I/II Ex Collection: C. Wampler SU 63.599

16. House of the Smith, (House of Benjamin Davis, Smith), 1864
Etching
112 x 149, laid paper
H. 63, State I/II
Initialed, in pencil, LR
Ex Collection: C. Wampler
SU 66.2159

17. Brentford Ferry, 1864

Etching 137 x 214, laid paper H. 75, State I/I Ex Collection: C. Wampler SU 63.605

18. The Towing Path, 1864

Dyrpoint 139 x 212, laid paper H. 76, State II/III, trial proof E Ex Collection: C. Wampler SU 63.606

19. Evening, 1864

Etching 146 x 93, parchment H. 77, State I/I Ex Collection: C. Wampler SU 63.596

20. Shepperton, 1864

Etching 137 x 118, laid paper H. 80, State I/I Signed, in pencil, LR Ex Collection: C. Wampler SU 63.600

21. Hands Etching—O Laborum, 1865 Etching and drypoint 136 x 208, wove paper H. 94, State II/II Signed, in pencil, LL Ex Collection: G. Arents Research Library SU 81.21

22. Horsley's Cottages, 1865

Etching and drypoint 172 x 248, laid paper H. 101, two published states, trial proof C Ex Collection: C. Wampler SU 63.597

23. A Brig at Anchor, 1870 Etching and drypoint 138 x 209, laid Japanese paper H. 147, State I/I Signed, in pencil, LR Ex Collection: C. Wampler SU 63.590

24. Windmill Hill (No. 1), 1877 Drypoint 149 x 224, laid paper H. 163, State I/II Signed, in pencil, LR Ex Collection: C. Wampler SU 63.603

25. Nine Barrow Down, 1877 Drypoint 148 x 223, laid paper H. 167, State I/I Signed, in pencil, LR Ex Collection: C. Wampler SU 63.602

26. Grim Spain, 1877 Etching 148 x 224, laid Japanese paper H. 186, State I/I Signed, in pencil, LR Ex Collection: C. Wampler SU 63.601

27. Village Ford, 1881 Etching and drypoint 177 x 251, laid paper H. 216, State I/II Signed, in pencil, LR Ex Collection: C. Wampler SU 63.592

28. Portrait of Francis Seymour Haden, 1886 Etching 212 x 138, laid paper Not in Harrington Ex Collection: C. Wampler SU 63.612

Syracuse University Art Galleries

CREDITS

© Copyright 1982 by the Joe and Emily Lowe Art Gallery, School of Art, College of Visual and Performing Arts, Syracuse University, Syracuse, New York 13210.

Joseph A. Scala, Director

Mary Warner Marien, Guest Curator

Ruth Ann Appelhof, Curator

Patricia A. Tagg, Catalog Editor

Designed by Ruth Ann Appelhof and produced by Salina Press in an edition of 500 copies.

